

Effect of Pasta Phase on **Oscillations in Neutron Stars**

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Introduction ~SGRs & QPOs~

- **Soft gamma Repeaters (SGRs)** : objects that arise the gamma-ray flare activity.
 - Source...**Magnetar** ?? (neutron stars with strong magnetic fields $> 10^{14}$ G)
- **Scenario for outbreak of gamma-ray burst** (Duncan & Thompson (1992))
 - During the evolution of magnetars, the magnetic stress accumulates in the crust.
 - When this stress is released, the gamma-ray could emit !

- **Giant Flare from SGRs (10^{44} - 10^{46} ergs/s)**

- SGR 0526-66 in March.5.1979
- SGR 1900+14 in August.27.1998
- **SGR 1806-20** in December.27.2004

- **In the decaying tail after the flare, QPOs are found !!**

→ Barat et.al. (1983); Israel et.al. 2005;

Watts & Strohmayer 2005, 2006

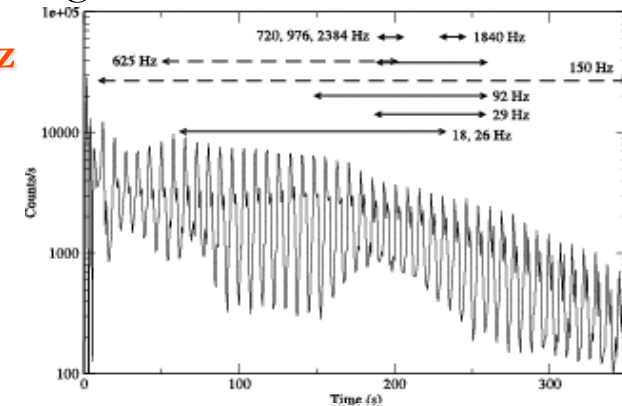
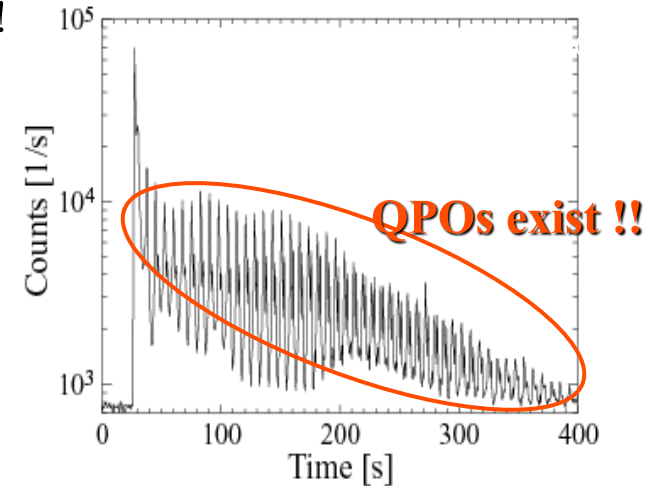
- SGR 0526-66 : **23ms (43Hz)**, $B \sim 4 \times 10^{14}$ G, $L \sim 10^{44}$ ergs/s

- SGR 1900+14 : $B > 4 \times 10^{14}$ G, **28, 54, 84, and 155 Hz**

- SGR 1806-20 : $B \sim 8 \times 10^{14}$ G, $L \sim 10^{46}$ ergs/s

18, 26, 30, 92.5, 150, 626.5, and 1837 Hz

(also 720Hz ?? and 2384 Hz ??)



Crustal Oscillations vs QPO frequencies

- SGR 1900+14

f [Hz]	28	54	84	155
torsional	$3t_0$	$6t_0$	$9t_0$	$17t_0$

- SGR 1806-20

f [Hz]	18	26	30	92.5	150	626.5	1837
torsional	$2t_0$???	$3t_0$	$9t_0$	$15t_0$	l^1t_1	l^4t_4

- Missing frequencies exist
 - Difficulty to explain two QPO frequencies 26 and 30 Hz with a stellar model
 - Due to the magnetic oscillations in fluid core region ??

Alfven Oscillations

- There exist two types of oscillations
 - upper QPO and lower QPO
- Ratio between upper and lower QPO frequencies ~ 0.6
- Frequencies of overtones are nearly integer multiples of the fundamental one;
- Frequencies are proportional to the magnetic strength.

$$f_{L_n}/f_{U_n} \sim 0.6$$

$$f_{L_n} \simeq (n + 1)f_{L_0}, \quad f_{U_n} \simeq (n + 1)f_{U_0}$$

Alfven Oscillations vs QPO frequencies

- SGR 1900+14

f [Hz]	28	54	84	155
Alfven	U_0	U_1	U_2	???
		$\times 2$	$\times 3$	

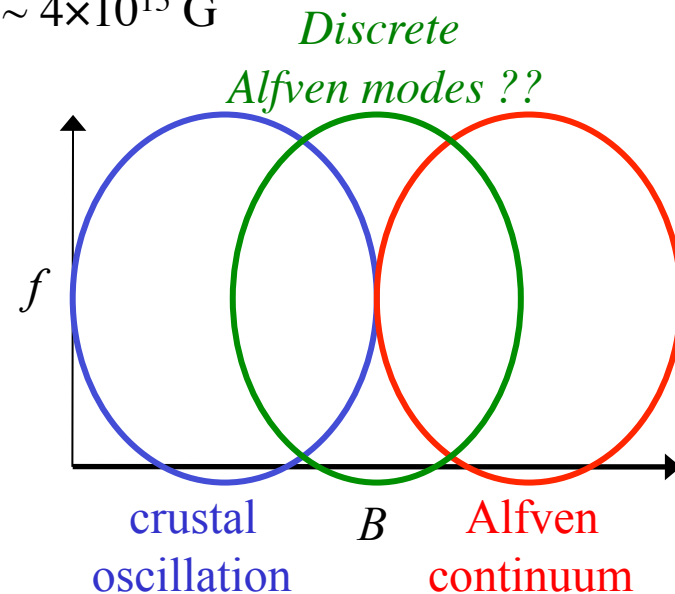
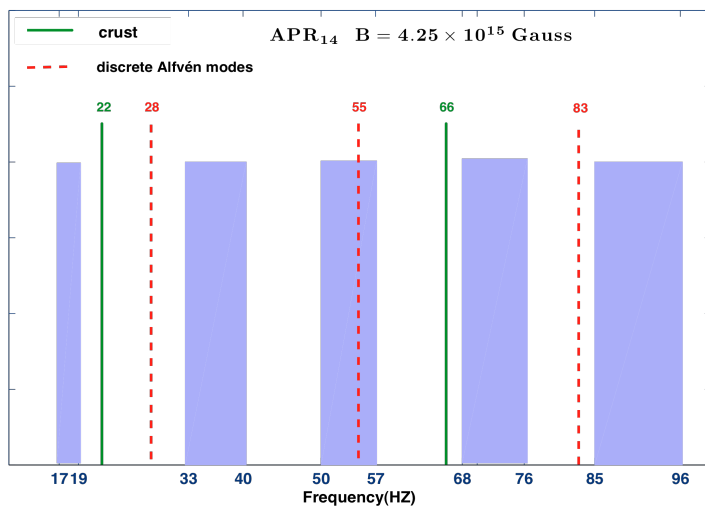
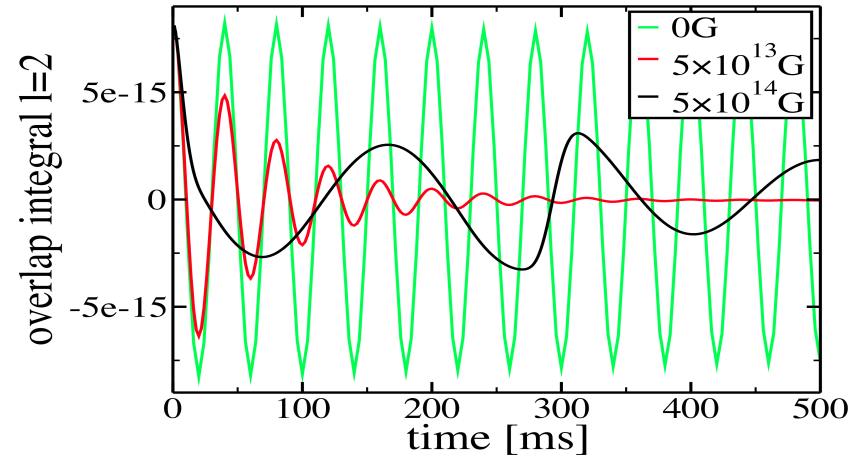
- SGR 1806-20

f [Hz]	18	26	30	92.5	150	626.5	1837
Alfven	L_0	???	U_0	U_2	U_4	???	???
		0.6		$\times 3$	$\times 5$		

- Still, missing frequencies exist
 - Crust torsional oscillations ??
 - Dependence of magnetic field structure ??

Crust coupling

- *Gabler et al. (2010)*
 - Weak field : only crustal oscillations
 - Strong field : only Alfvén oscillations
- *Claiuda & Kokkotas(2011)*
 - Similar results to Gabler et al (2010)
 - Discover “Discrete Alfvén modes” for $B \sim 4 \times 10^{15}$ G



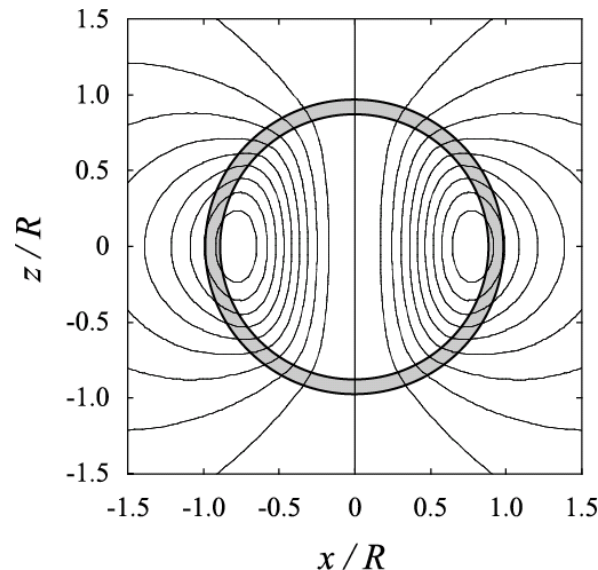
Shear modulus in crust region

- isotropic shear modulus : μ
- Body center cubic (bcc) is assumed

$$\mu = 0.1194 \frac{n_i (Ze)^2}{a}$$

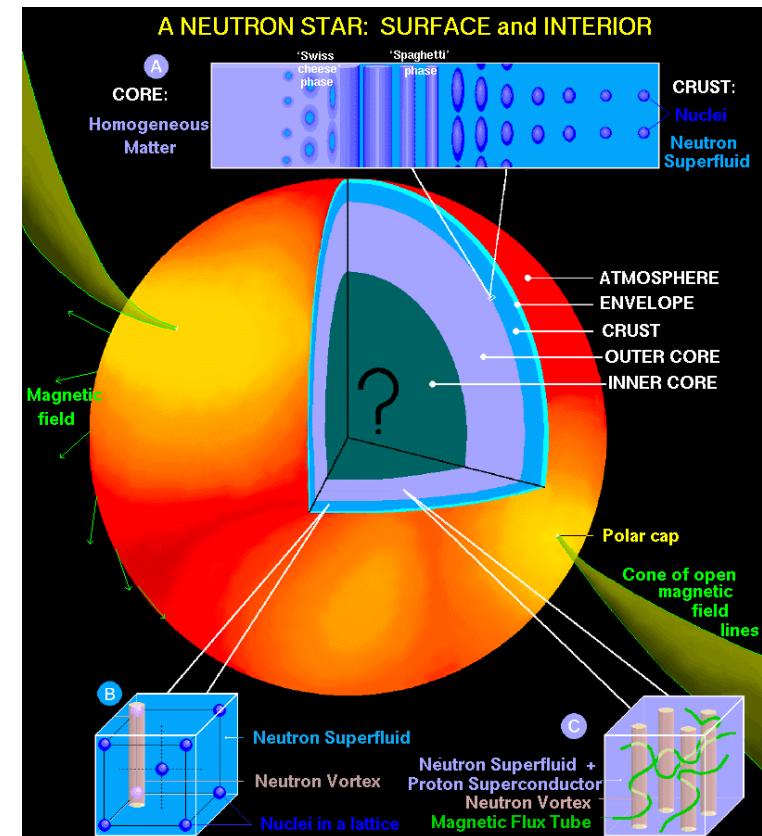
n_i : number density of ions
 $+Ze$: average charge of ions
 $a^3 = 3/4\pi n_i$: average space between ions

Strohmayer, et al. (1991)



Shear modulus in Pasta phase 1

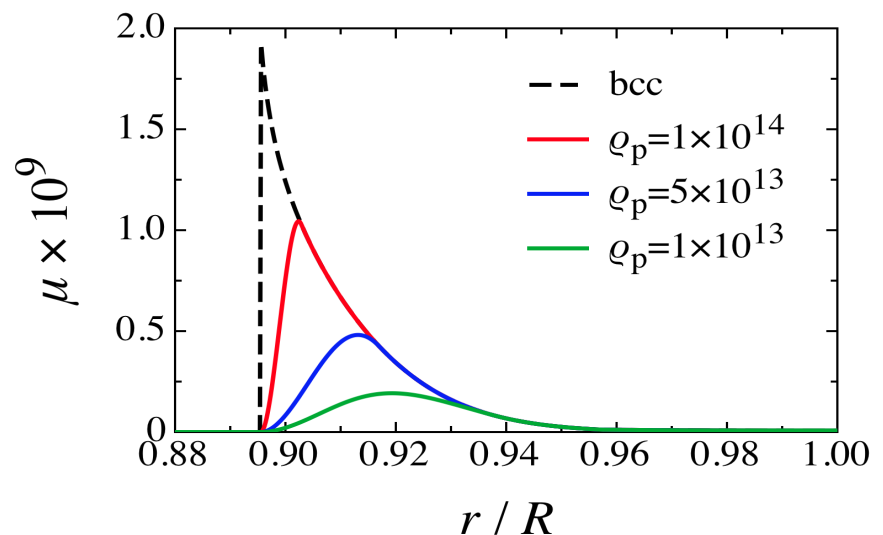
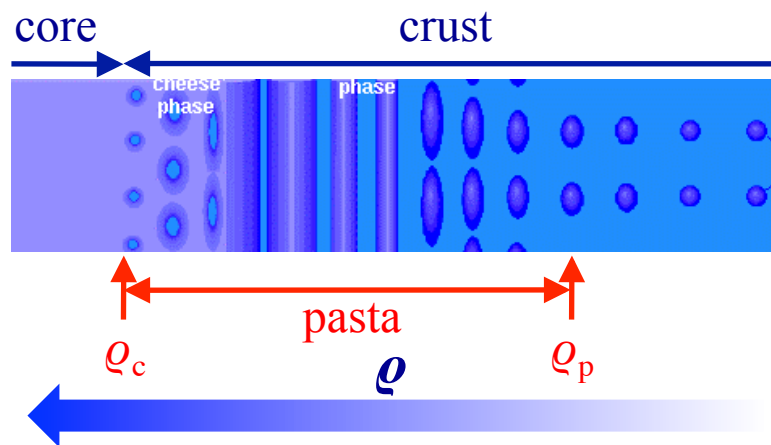
- Nonuniform structure “pasta” exists
 - shear modulus in pasta could be different from that with bcc structure.
- Pethick & Potekhin (1998)
 - behavior like “liquid crystal”
 - smaller shear modulus
- Density that pasta structure appears
 - $\sim 10^{13}$ g/cc (ex. Lorenz et al. (1993))
- Realistic shear modulus in pasta phase is still unknown...



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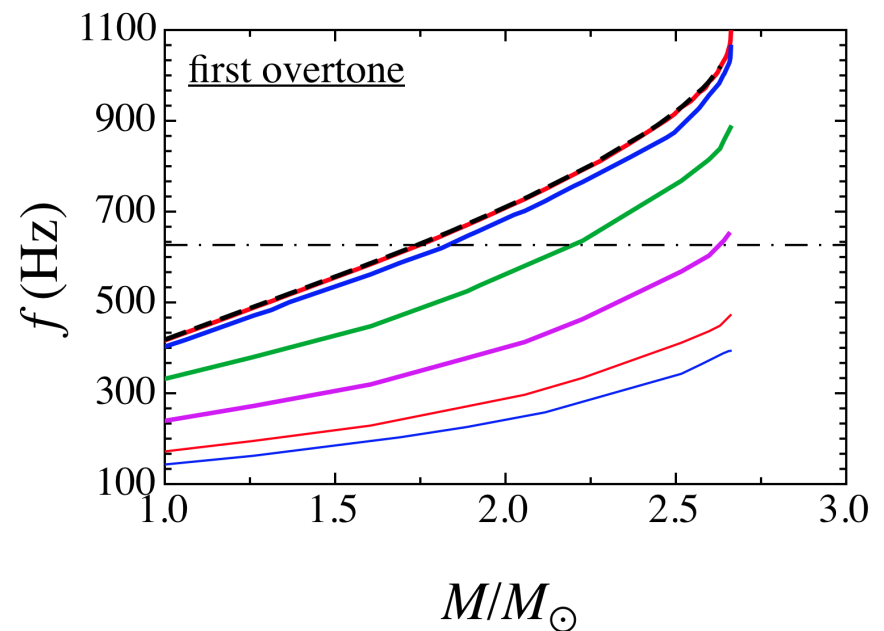
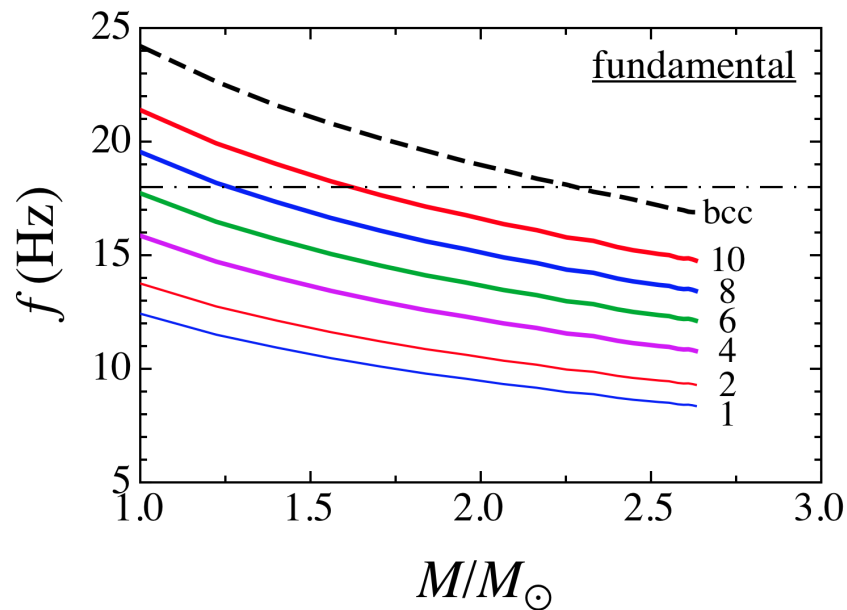
Shear modulus in Pasta phase 2

- We assume toy model for the shear modulus in pasta phase
 - ρ_p : density that non-uniform nuclear structure appears
 - $\rho_p = 10^{13} - 10^{14} \text{ g/cm}^3$
 - ρ_c : density between the crust and core region ($\rho_c = 1.24 \times 10^{14} \text{ g/cm}^3$)
 - $\rho < \rho_p$: nuclear structure forms bcc lattice
 - $\rho_p < \rho < \rho_c$: non-uniform nuclear structure (pasta phase)
 - $\rho > \rho_c$: core fluid region



Dependence of pasta phase

- Decreasing the shear modulus
→ $v_s = (\mu/\rho)^{1/2}$ also decrease → frequencies become smaller

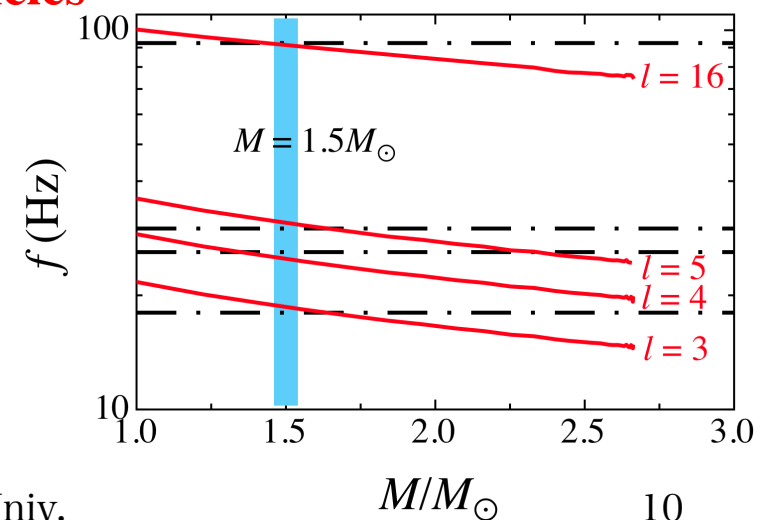
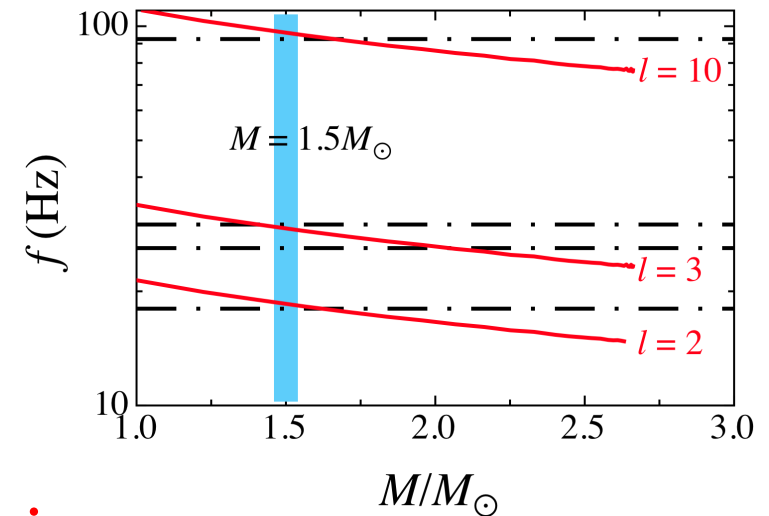


Comparison with QPO frequencies

- For $\rho_p = 1 \times 10^{14} \text{ g/cm}^3$
 - some of QPOs are impossible to explain
 - similar difficulty to the previous study without pasta structure
- For $\rho_p = 2 \times 10^{13} \text{ g/cm}^3$
 - **possible to explain the all QPO frequencies**



- **One needs to consider the effect of pasta**
- **Do more systematic analysis**



Summary

- In the giant flares, the QPO frequencies are discovered.
- It is impossible to explain theoretically by using only crustal oscillations or only Alfvén oscillations
- In realistic stellar oscillations, there exists either crustal or Alfvén oscillations
- We show the possibility to explain the all observed QPO frequencies with considering the pasta structure.

Future works

- Effect of magnetic field
- Consideration of realistic shear modulus μ
- Mechanism of gamma-ray burst
- Explain the time variability of QPO frequencies
- Possibility to detect gravitational waves from magnetars